Money Back Guarantee

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QUESTION 1

An enterprise plans to evolve from a traditional WAN network to a software-defined WAN network. The existing devices have limited capability when it comes to virtualization. As the migration is carried out, enterprise applications and services must not experience any traffic impact. Which implementation plan can be used to accommodate this during the migration phase?

A. Deploy controllers, deploy SD-WAN edge routers. In the data center, and migrate branch sites.

B. Migrate data center WAN routers, migrate branch sites, and deploy SD-WAN edge routers.

C. Migrate branch sites, migrate data center WAN routers, and deploy controllers.

D. Deploy SD-WAN edge routers in the data center, deploy controllers, and migrate branch sites

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 2

Which two advantages of using DWDM over traditional optical networks are true? (Choose two.)

A. inherent topology flexibility and service protection provided without penalty through intelligent oversubscription of bandwidth reservation

B. ability to expand bandwidth over existing optical Infrastructure

C. inherent topology flexibility with built-in service protection

D. inherent topology flexibility with intelligent chromatic dispersion

E. inherent topology flexibility with a service protection provided through a direct integration with an upper layer protocol

Correct Answer: BC

Two advantages of using Dense Wavelength Division Multiplexing (DWDM) over traditional optical networks are:

Increased Capacity: DWDM allows for the multiplexing of multiple optical signals onto a single fiber, increasing the capacity of an optical network. This makes it possible to transmit a large amount of data over long distances without the need for additional physical fibers.

Improved Reliability: DWDM provides a more resilient and reliable network by allowing for the transmission of multiple optical signals at different wavelengths over a single fiber. In the event of a fiber cut or other failure, the network can reroute traffic over a different wavelength, minimizing downtime and disruptions.

QUESTION 3

Refer to the exhibit.



There are multiple trees in the Cisco FabricPath All switches in the Layer 2 fabric share the same view of each tree. Which two concepts describe how the multicast traffic is load- balanced across this topology? (Choose two)

- A. A specific (S.G) traffic is not load-balanced
- B. All trees are utilized at the same level of the traffic rate
- C. Every leaf node assigns the specific (S.G) to the same tree.
- D. A specific (S.G) multicast traffic is load-balanced across all trees due to better link utilization efficiency.
- E. The multicast traffic is generally load-balanced across all trees

Correct Answer: BD

QUESTION 4

Company XYZ is redesigning their QoS policy. Some of the applications used by the company are real-time applications. The QoS design must give these applications preference in terms of transmission. Which QoS strategy can be used to fulfill the requirement?

- A. weighted fair queuing
- B. weighted random early detection
- C. low-latency queuing
- D. first-in first-out

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 5

You are tasked with the design of a high available network. Which two features provide fail closed environments? (Choose two.)

A. EIGRP

B. RPVST+

C. MST

D. L2MP

Correct Answer: AB

QUESTION 6

A senior network designer suggests that you should improve network convergence times by reducing BGP timers between your CE router and the PE router of the service provider. Which two factors should you consider to adjust the timer values? (Choose two.)

A. service provider agreement to support tuned timers

- B. manual updates to the peer groups
- C. service provider scheduling of changes to the PE
- D. number of routes on the CE router
- E. number of VRFs on the PE router

Correct Answer: AD

QUESTION 7

How many fully established neighbour relationships exist on an Ethernet with five routers running OSPF as network type broadcast?

A. 5

B. 6

C. 7

D. 10

E. 20

Correct Answer: C

Assuming routers R1-R5, R1 is elected DR, R2 BDR. Fully established neighborships only occur to DR and BDR, all

other neighbors are in 2Way DR other state. DR|BDRFull relationships: R2-R1 R3-R1 R3-R2 R4-R1 R4-R2 R5-R1 R5-R2

QUESTION 8

When designing a WAN that will be carrying real-time traffic, what are two important reasons to consider serialization delay? (Choose two)

A. Serialization delays are invariable because they depend only on the line rate of the interface

B. Serialization delays are variable because they depend on the line rate of the interface and on the type of the packet being serialized.

C. Serialization delay is the time required to transmit the packet on the physical media.

D. Serialization delays are variable because they depend only on the size of the packet being serialized

E. Serialization delay depends not only on the line rate of the interface but also on the size of the packet

Correct Answer: BD

QUESTION 9

Which methodology is the leading lifecycle approach to network design and implementation?

- A. PPDIOO
- B. Waterfall model
- C. Spiral model
- D. V model

Correct Answer: A

Reference: https://www.ciscopress.com/articles/article.asp?p=1608131andseqNum=3

QUESTION 10

Which two statements describe the hierarchical LAN design model? (Choose two)

- A. It is a well-understood architecture that provides scalability
- B. It is the best design for modern data centers
- C. It is the most optimal design but is highly complex
- D. It provides a simplified design
- E. Changes, upgrades, and new services can be introduced in a controlled and stagged manner

Correct Answer: AE

QUESTION 11

Which management category is not part of FCAPS framework?

- A. Configuration
- B. Security
- C. Performance
- D. Authentication
- E. Fault-management

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 12

Company XYZ needs advice in redesigning their legacy Layer 2 infrastructure. Which technology should be included in the design to minimize or avoid convergence delays due to STP or FHRP and provide a loop-free topology?

- A. Use switch clustering in the access layer.
- B. Use switch clustering in the core/distribution layer.
- C. Use spanning-tree PortFast.
- D. Use BFD.

Correct Answer: B