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Vendor:Oracle

Exam Code:1Z0-815

Exam Name:Java SE 11 Programmer I

Version:Demo

QUESTION 1

Given this requirement:

Module vehicle depends on module part and makes its com.vehicle package available for all other modules.

Which module-info.java declaration meets the requirement?

- A.

```
module vehicle{
    requires part;
    exports com.vehicle;
}
```
- B.

```
module vehicle {
    requires part;
    uses com.vehicle;
}
```
- C.

```
module vehicle{
    requires part;
    exports com.vehicle to part;
}
```
- D.

```
module vehicle {
    requires com.vehicle;
    exports part;
}
```

A. Option A

B. Option B

C. Option C

D. Option D

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 2

Given the code fragment: What is the result?

```
int[] secA = { 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 };
int[] secB = { 2, 4, 8, 6, 10 };
int res1 = Arrays.mismatch(secA, secB);
int res2 = Arrays.compare(secA, secB);
System.out.print(res1 + " : " + res2);
```

- A. -1 : 2
- B. 2 : -1
- C. 2 : 3
- D. 3 : 0

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 3

Analyze the code:

```
public class Test {
    static String prefix = "Global:";
    private String name = "namespace";
    public static String getName() {
        return new Test().name;
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Test t = new Test();
        System.out.println(/* Insert code here */);
    }
}
```

Which two options can you insert inside println method to produce Global:namespace? (Choose two.)

- A. Test.prefix+Test.name
- B. new Test().prefix+new Test().name
- C. Test.prefix+Test.getName()
- D. Test.getName+prefix
- E. prefix+Test.name
- F. prefix+name

Correct Answer: BC

QUESTION 4

Given: What is the result?

```
String[][] arr = {
    {"Red", "White"},
    {"Black"},
    {"Blue", "Yellow", "Green", "Violet"}
};
for(int row = 0; row < arr.length; row++) {
    int column = 0;
    for(; column < arr[row].length; column++) {
        System.out.println "[" + row + ", " + column + "] = " + arr[row][column];
    }
}
```

- A. [0,0] = Red [0,1] = White [1,0] = Black [1,1] = Blue [2,0] = Yellow [2,1] = Green [3,0] = Violet
- B. [0,0] = Red [1,0] = Black [2,0] = Blue
- C. java.lang.ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException thrown
- D. [0,0] = Red [0,1] = White [1,0] = Black [2,0] = Blue [2,1] = Yellow [2,2] = Green [2,3] = Violet

Correct Answer: D



```
Console 1 X Console 2 X Console 3 X
[0,0] =Red
[0,1] =White
[1,0] =Black
[2,0] =Blue
[2,1] =Yellow
[2,2] =Green
[2,3] =Violet
Completed with exit code: 0
```

QUESTION 5

```
1 public class Test {
2     public static void main (String[] args) {
3         AnotherClass ac = new AnotherClass();
4         ✖ incompatible types: SomeClass cannot be converted to AnotherClass
5         ac = sc;
6         sc.methodA();
7         ac.methodA();
8     }
9 }
10 class SomeClass {
11     public void methodA() {
12         System.out.println("SomeClass#methodA()");
13     }
14 }
15 }
16 class AnotherClass extends SomeClass {
17     public void methodA() {
18         System.out.println("AnotherClass#methodA()");
19     }
20 }
```

Which two statements are correct about try blocks? (Choose two.)

- A. A try block can have more than one catch block.
- B. A finally block in a try-with-resources statement executes before the resources declared are closed.
- C. A finally block must be immediately placed after the try or catch blocks.
- D. A try block must have a catch block and a finally block.
- E. catch blocks must be ordered from generic to specific exception types.

Correct Answer: AE

Reference: <https://beginnersbook.com/2013/04/try-catch-in-java/>

QUESTION 6

Given:

```
1. interface Pastry {
2.     void getIngredients();
3. }
4. abstract class Cookie implements Pastry {}
5.
6. class ChocolateCookie implements Cookie {
7.     public void getIngredients() {}
8. }
9. class CoconutChocolateCookie extends ChocolateCookie {
10.     void getIngredients(int x) {}
11. }
```

Which is true?

- A. The compilation fails due to an error in line 6.
- B. The compilation succeeds.
- C. The compilation fails due to an error in line 4.
- D. The compilation fails due to an error in line 10.
- E. The compilation fails due to an error in line 7.
- F. The compilation fails due to an error in line 9.
- G. The compilation fails due to an error in line 2.

Correct Answer: F

QUESTION 7

Given:

```
public class Person {
    private String name;
    public void setName(String name) {
        String title = "Dr. ";
        name = title+name;
    }
    public String toString() {
        return name;
    }
}
```

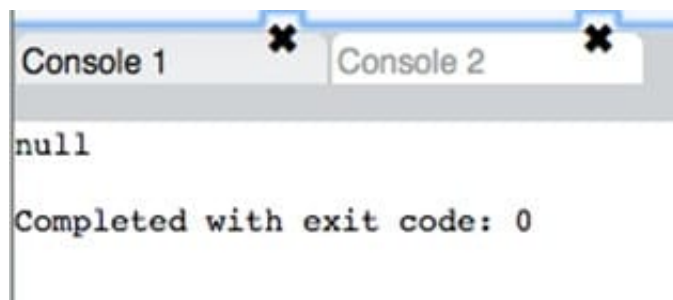
and

```
public class Test {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        Person p = new Person();
        p.setName("Who");
        System.out.println(p);
    }
}
```

What is the result?

- A. Dr. Who
- B. Dr. Null
- C. An exception is thrown at runtime.
- D. null

Correct Answer: D



```
Console 1 x Console 2 x
null
Completed with exit code: 0
```

QUESTION 8

Which describes an aspect of Java that contributes to high performance?

- A. Java prioritizes garbage collection.
- B. Java has a library of built-in functions that can be used to enable pipeline burst execution.
- C. Java monitors and optimizes code that is frequently executed.
- D. Java automatically parallelizes code execution.

Correct Answer: A

Reference: <https://dzone.com/articles/how-to-tune-garbage-collection-in-java>

QUESTION 9

Given:

```
public class Tester {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder(5);
        sb.append("HOWDY");
        sb.insert(0, ' ');
        sb.replace(3, 5, "LL");
        sb.insert(6, "COW");
        sb.delete(2, 7);
        System.out.println(sb.length());
    }
}
```

What is the result?

- A. 4
- B. 3
- C. An exception is thrown at runtime.
- D. 5

Correct Answer: D


```

6 public class Tester {
7     public static void main(String[] args) {
8         StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder (5);
9         sb.append ("HOWDY" );
10        sb.insert (0, ' ');
11        sb.replace(3, 5, "LL");
12        sb.insert (6, "COW");
13        sb.delete(2, 7);
14        System.out.println(sb.length());
15    }
16 }

```

(command line arguments)

COMPILE & EXECUTE

PASTE SOURCE

Successfully compiled /tmp/java_82Tlan/Tester.java <-- main method

5

QUESTION 10

Given:

```

public interface EulerInterface {
    double getEulerValue();
}

public class EulerLambda {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        EulerInterface myEulerInterface;
        myEulerInterface = () -> "2.71828";
        System.out.println("Value of Euler = " + myEulerInterface.getEulerValue());
    }
}

```

What is the result?

- A. It throws a runtime exception.
- B. Value of Euler = 2.71828
- C. The code does not compile.
- D. Value of Euler = "2.71828"

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 11

Given:

```

1. {
2.   Iterator iter = List.of(1,2,3).iterator();
3.   while (iter.hasNext()) {
4.     foo(iter.next());
5.   }
6.   Iterator iter2 = List.of(1,2,3).iterator();
7.   while (iter.hasNext()) {
8.     bar(iter2.next());
9.   }
10. }
11. for (Iterator iter = List.of(1,2,3).iterator(); iter.hasNext(); ) {
12.   foo(iter.next());
13. }
14. for (Iterator iter2 = List.of(1,2,3).iterator(); iter.hasNext(); ) {
15.   bar(iter2.next());
16. }

```

Which loop incurs a compile time error?

- A. the loop starting line 11
- B. the loop starting line 7
- C. the loop starting line 14
- D. the loop starting line 3

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 12

Given:

```

public class Foo {
    public <T> Collection<T> foo(Collection<T> arg) { ... }
}

```

and

```

public class Bar extends Foo { ... }

```

Which two statements are true if the method is added to Bar? (Choose two.)

- A. public Collection foo(Collection arg) { ... } overrides Foo.foo.
- B. public Collection foo(Stream arg) { ... } overloads Foo.foo.
- C. public List foo(Collection arg) { ... } overrides Foo.foo.

D. `public Collection foo(Collection arg) { ... }` overloads `Foo.foo`.

E. `public Collection bar(Collection arg) { ... }` overloads `Foo.foo`.

F. `public Iterable foo(Collection arg) { ... }` overrides `Foo.foo`.

Correct Answer: CF